## BCADA 2321

## Assignment 1

Due by 7th Feb 2023, 11:59pm

- 1. Show that  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  is row equivalent to  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{11}{3} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{17}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{3} \end{bmatrix}$  using elementary row operations.
- 2. Prove that the inverse operation of an elementary row operation exists and is an elementary row operation of the same type.
- 3. Prove that row equivalence is an equivalent relation.
- 4. Find the row reduced form of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .