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Date:	

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BENGALURU-27 MSc(DATA ANALYTICS) —III SEMESTER Continous Assesment Test:Ocotber 2022

BDA 3321: MACHINE LEARNING II

TIME: 1 hr **MAXIMUM MARKS: 25**

This paper has 2 printed pages and 2 parts. Part A Answer any FIVE questions. $(5 \times 3 = 15)$ 1. Explain a perceptron, with a diagram. (3)**Solution:** Diagram + weighted inputs, activation function, adder (1 + .6 + .6 + .6)2. Show diagramatically an MLP. (3)Solution: Diagram + labeles of all components: input layer, hidden layer, bias input, output layer.(1+2)3. Explain a DAG. (3)**Solution:** Definition + example. (1.5+1.5)4. For the given transisition state matrices, give the state transisition diagrams. $A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \alpha & \alpha \\ \beta & 1 - \beta \end{bmatrix} \qquad A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & A_{22} & A_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$ (3)**Solution:** 1.5 + 1.55. (a) Define the chain rule. (1)(b) Define conditional probability. (1)(c) Show Naive Bayes model as a DAG. (1)

Solution: Definition + Definition + Diagram. (Definition means defining symbols used.) (0.5+0.5+0.5+0.5+1)

- 6. With respect to graphs; define:
 - (a) Parent, child (1)
 - (b) Root, leaf. (1)
 - (c) Tree, forest. (1)

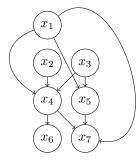
Solution: Definition (with symbols defined). (0.5/defition)

PART B

Answer ANY ONE question.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. (a) What is a ordered markov property, for a DAG. For the given diagram, write the joint probability distribution:



(4)

(b) Explain modelling a language using Markov Models.

(6)

Solution:

- (a) Defition with explanation + Joint pdf (3+1)
- (b) Modelling using markov chain: n-grams, MLE for n-grams, drawbacks, handling out of vocabullary words.

(1+2+1+2)

2. (a) Briefly explain all the different components of an MLP.

(4)

(b) Explain CNN. Also represent a CNN diagramatically.

(6)

Solution:

- (a) weighted inputs, bias input, hidden layer(s), activation function, output layer.
- (b) Architechture of a CNN, explanation of different layers, convolution, stride, pooling, example of a use case, diagram.